RUTH.

THE STRUCTURE OF THE BOOK AS A WHOLE.

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THE

BOOK OF RUTH.

 $\mathbf{A} \mathbf{A}^{1}$ (p. 361)about

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° Now it came to pass in the days ° when 1 the judges ruled, that there was a famine in the land. And a certain ° man of Bethlehem-judah went to sojourn in the ° country of Moab, he, and his wife, and his two sons.

2 And the name of the 1 man was ° Elimelech, and the name of his wife 'Naomi, and the name of his two sons 'Mahlon and 'Chilion, Ephrathites of Beth-lehem-judah. And they came into the 1 country of Moab, and continued there.

3 And Elimelech Naomi's husband died; and the was left, and her two sons.

4 And they otook them wives of the women of Moab; the name of the one was Orpah, and the name of the other Ruth: and they dwelled there about ten years. 1336

5 And Mahlon and Chilion died also both of them; and the woman was 'left of her two sons and her husband.

6 Then the arose with her daughters in law, that she might ° return from the 1 country of Moab: for she had heard in the 1 country of Moab how that "the LORD had "visited His People in giving them bread.

7 Wherefore she went forth out of the place where she was, and her two daughters in law with her; and they went on the way to return

unto the land of Judah.

8 And Naomi said unto her two daughters in law, "Go, return each to her mother's house: 6 the LORD deal kindly with you, ° as ye have dealt with the dead, and with me.

9 6 The LORD grant you that ye may find °rest, each of you in the house of her husband.' Then she kissed them:

 \mathbf{b}_1 and they lifted up their voice, and wept. 10 And they said unto her, "Surely " we will return with thee unto thy People.'

11 And Naomi said, "Turn again, my daughters: "why will ye go with me? are there yet any more sons in my womb, that they may be your husbands?

12 Turn again, my daughters, go your way; for I am too old to have an husband. If I ° should say, I have hope, if I should have an husband also to night, and should also bear

sons; 13 °Would ye tarry for them till they were grown? °would ye stay for them from having husbands? nay, my daughters; for it grieveth me much for your sakes that the hand of 6 the LORD is gone out against me.

14 And they lifted up their voice, and wept again: and Orpah kissed her mother in law; but Ruth clave unto her.

TITLE, Book. For its place in the Hebrew Canon, see Ap. 1. The second of the five Megilloth, or Scrolls. Read at the Feast of Pentecost. Their order determined by the order of the feasts. Written as being necessary for the link it affords in the Genealogy of David and Christ "the son of David", Matt. 1. 5-16. Placed in the Canon after Judges by the Sept. Followed by all the versions.

Ruth. Two books with names of women: Ruth, a Gentile, marries a Hebrew husband; Esther, a Jewess, marries a Gentile husband. Two tokens that Gentiles, as such, were to be blessed only through Abraham's seed, according to Gen. 12. 3; 18. 18; 22. 18; 26. 4. Ps. 72, 17, Acts 3, 25,

1. 1-18 (A, p. 359). ELIMELECH'S FAMILY. THE DEPRESSION. (Alternation.)

1-3. Departure from Beth-lehem. B¹ | 4, 5. Daughters-in-law. Bereavement.
A² | 6, 7. Departure for Beth-lehem.
B² | 8-18. Daughters-in-law. Colloquy.

1 Now it came to pass in the days. Occurs five times. Always denotes impending trouble, followed by happy deliverance. Cp. Gen. 14. 1. Est. 1, 1. Isa. 7. 1. Jer. 1. 3.

when the judges ruled. Doubtless, in the early days, before the sin of Judg. 1 developed the later internal disorders, and outward oppressions.

a famine. See note on Gen. 12, 10, man. Heb. 'īsh. Ap. 14. II.

country = fields.

2 Elimelech = My God is king.

Naomi = My pleasant one.

Mahlon = Sick. Chilion = Pining. Ephrathites. Ephrath was the ancient name of Beth-lehem, where Rachel was buried (Gen. 35. 19; 48. 7).

4 took them wives. Canaanitish wives forbidden (Deut. 7.3, &c.), but not Moabitish wives; though a Moabite man might not enter the congregation of Jehovah. See note, Deut. 23. 3.

Orpah = Hind or Fawn.

Ruth = Beauty. Wife of Mahlon the elder.

5 left=left survivor.

6 return. This was in 1326, the year before the second jubilee (1325-1324). See Ap. 50. IV, p. 54.the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II. visited. Cp. Ex. 4. 31. Ps. 132, 15. Luke 1. 68.

8-18 (B², above). DAUGHTERS-IN-LAW. COLLOQUY. (Repeated Alternation.)

| 8, 9-. Advice to leave her. b1 | -9, 10. Reception. Refusal of both.

a² | 11-13. Advice to leave her. b2 | 14. Reception. Refusal of Ruth.

a3 | 15. Advice to leave her. b³ | 16-18. Reception. Resolve of Ruth.

8 as = according as.

9 rest. Cp. 3. 1. A characteristic word in this Book. 10 we will return with thee. This liberty was allowed by the laws of Khammurabi, §§ 171-173 and

11 why ...? Fig. Erotesis. Ap. 6. 12 should say = should have said. 13 Would . . .? Fig. Erotesis. Ap. 6.

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15 And she said, "Behold, thy sister in law is gone back unto her People, and unto her gods: return thou after thy sister in law.'

16 And Ruth said, "Intreat me not to leave thee, or to return from following after thee: for whither thou goest, I will go; and where thou lodgest, I will lodge: thy People shall be my People, and thy "God my "God:

17 Where thou diest, will I die, and there will I be buried: 6 the LORD do so to me, and more also, if ought but death part thee and me.'

18 When she saw that she was stedfastly minded to go with her, then she left speaking

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19 So they two went until they came to ° Beth-lehem.

And it came to pass, when they were come to Beth-lehem, that all the city was moved about them, and they said, "Is this Naomi?"

20 And she said unto ° them, " Call me not Naomi, call me Mara: for othe ALMIGHTY hath dealt very bitterly with me.

21 3 went out full, and 6 the LORD hath brought me home again empty: why then call ye me Naomi, seeing 6 the LORD hath testified against me, and 20 the ALMIGHTY hath afflicted me?"

22 So 20 Naomi returned, and Ruth othe \boldsymbol{C} Moabitess, her daughter in law, with her, which returned out of the country of Moab: and they came to Beth-lehem in the beginning of ° barley harvest.

2 And Naomi had a kinsman of her husband's, a mighty oman of wealth, of the family of Elimelech; and his name was Boaz.

2 And Ruth othe Moabitess said unto Naomi, "Let me now go to the field, and glean ears of corn after him in whose sight I shall find grace." And she said unto her, "Go, my daughter."

3 And she went, and came, and °gleaned in the field after the reapers: and her hap was to light on a part of the field belonging unto Boaz, who was of the kindred of Elimelech.

4 And, behold, Boaz came from Beth-lehem, with you." And othey answered him, o"The LORD bless thee."

5 Then said Boaz unto his servant that

reapers answered and said, "It is the Moabitish damsel that came back with Naomi out hath fully been shewed me, all that thou hast of the country of Moab:

7 And she said, 'I pray you, let me glean and gather after the reapers among the sheaves:' so she came, and hath continued even of from nativity, and art come unto a People which the morning until now, that she tarried a thou knewest not heretofore. little in the house."

12 The LORD recompense to

not, my daughter? Go not to glean in another of Israel, under Whose wings thou art come field, neither go from hence, but abide here to 'trust.' ° fast by my maidens:

15 Behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. 16 God. Heb. Elohim, Ap. 4.

19-22 (B, p. 359). SYMPATHY WITH NAOMI. IN GRIEF. (Introversion.)

B | C | 19-. Beth-lehem. Arrival. D | -19. Sympathy given. D | 20, 21. Sympathy needed. $C \mid 22$. Beth-lehem. Settlement.

19 Beth-lehem = House of bread.

20 them. Fem., and the verb "call" is fem. also, so that Naomi was addressing the women. the ALMIGHTY = Shaddai. See Ap. 4.

22 the Moabitess. So called five times. In Deut. 23. 3, it is masculine, and does not affect Ruth. barley harvest. Therefore at the Passover.

2. 1-23 (C, p. 359). BOAZ AND RUTH. (Introversion and Extended Alternation.)

C | c | 1. Boaz. His kindred. d | e | 2. Ruth. Purpose. f | 3. Departure. $|g|_{4-16}$. Colloquy. Boaz and Ruth. $|e|_{17}$. Ruth. Performance. f | 18. Return. g | 19-22. Colloquy. Naomi and Ruth. c 23. Boaz. His maidens.

man. Heb. 'īsh. Ap. 14. II.
 the Moabitess. See note on 1.4, 22.

3 gleaned. Cp. Lev. 19. 9, 10; 23. 22. Deut. 24. 19. hap. From Anglo-Saxon, good luck=happy. Heb.

"her chance chanced". Fig. Polyptöton. Ap. 6.
4 behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6.
The LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II.

they answered. This tells of a time of peace, prosperity, and quiet.

7 from the morning = all the morning.

8 Hearest thou not . . .? Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6. fast. Anglo-Saxon = steadfast: i. e. cleave to.

10 take knowledge. Fig. Metonymy (of Cause), put for "caring for". Ap. 6.

stranger = foreigner. 12 work . . . reward . . . trust. Note the order of these three words for a spiritual application,

God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. I.

wings. By Fig. Anthropopatheia (Ap. 6) attributed to Jehovah; denoting His tender care. trust = flee for refuge. Heb. hasah. Ap. 69. II.

9 Let thine eyes be on the field that they do reap, and go thou after them: have I not charged the young men that they shall not touch thee? and when thou art athirst, go and said unto the reapers, "" The LORD be unto the vessels, and drink of that which the young men have drawn.'

10 Then she fell on her face, and bowed herself to the ground, and said unto him, "Why was set over the reapers, "Whose damsel is have I found grace in thine eyes, that thou this?" shouldest 'take knowledge of me, seeing \Im am 6 And the servant that was set over the a 'stranger?"

11 And Boaz answered and said unto her, "It done unto thy mother in law since the death of thine husband: and how thou hast left thy father and thy mother, and the land of thy

12 4 The LORD recompense thy ° work, and a 8 Then said Boaz unto Ruth, ""Hearest thou full reward be given thee of the LORD God

13 Then she said, "Let me find favour in thy

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sight, my lord; for that thou hast comforted me, and for that thou hast spoken 'friendly unto thine handmaid, 'though 3 be not like unto one of thine handmaidens."

14 And Boaz said unto her, "At mealtime come thou hither, and eat of the bread, and dip thy morsel in the vinegar." And she sat beside the reapers: and he reached her parched corn, and she did eat, and was sufficed, and ° left.

15 And when she was risen up to glean, Boaz commanded his young men, saying, "Let her glean even among the sheaves, and reproach her not:

16 And let fall also some of the handfuls of purpose for her, and leave them, that she may

glean them, and rebuke her not."

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17 So she gleaned in the field until even, and beat out that she had gleaned: and it was about an 'ephah of barley.

18 And she took it up, and went into the city: and her mother in law saw what she had gleaned: and she brought forth, and gave to her that she had reserved after she was sufficed.

19 And her mother in law said unto her, "Where hast thou gleaned to day? and where wroughtest thou? blessed be he that did 10 take knowledge of thee." And she shewed her mother in law with whom she had wrought, and said, "The 1 man's name with whom I wrought to day is Boaz.'

20 And Naomi said unto her daughter in law, "Blessed be he of 4the LORD, Who hath not left off His 'kindness to the living and to the dead." And Naomi said unto her, "The 19 man is near

of kin unto us, one of our next kinsmen."
21 And Ruth the Moabitess said, "He said unto me also, Thou shalt keep fast by my young men, until they have ended all my harvest.

22 And Naomi said unto Ruth her daughter in law, " It is good, my daughter, that thou go out with his maidens, that they meet thee not in any other field.'

23 So she kept fast by the maidens of Boaz to glean unto the end of barley harvest o and of wheat harvest; and °dwelt with her mother in law.

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3 Then Naoini net modici in acc. her, "My daughter, "shall I not seek "rest for thee, that it may be well with thee?

2 And now is not Boaz of our kindred, with whose maidens thou wast? Behold, he winnoweth barley to night in the threshingfloor.

3 Wash thyself therefore, and anoint thee. and put thy raiment upon thee, and get thee down to the floor: but make not thyself known unto the "man, until he shall have done eating

4 And it shall be, when he lieth down, that lay thee down; and he will tell thee what thou shalt do.'

° unto me I will do.'

13 friendly = to the heart.

though I be not. Or, Oh that I might be.

14 left = left thereof remaining.

16 of purpose on purpose. 17 ephah. See Ap. 51. III. 3.

20 kindness = lovingkindness.

one of=" he [is]".

21 the Moabitess. See note on 1.4, 22.

23 and of wheat harvest. Therefore near the Feast of Pentecost. This is why this book is read at that feast. See note on title.

dwelt with. Some codices read "returned unto". Vulg. commences the next chapter with this sentence.

3. 1—**4.** 13 (*C*, p. 359). RUTH AND BOAZ. (*Introversion.*)

C | E | 3. 1-12. Claim of kinsman. Asserted. F 3. 13. Promise made.
F 3. 14-18. Promise waited for.

E | 4, 1-13. Claim of kinsman. Fulfilled. 1 shall I not . . . ? Fig. Erotesis. Ap. 6.

rest. See 1.9.

2 Behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. he winnoweth. This was, and is to-day, the master's work. His servants plowed, sowed, and reaped.

3 man. Heb. 'īsh. Ap. 14. II.

Some codices, with Sept. and Vulg., 5 unto me. omit these words.

9 thy skirt = wing (with Sept. and Vulg.). codices, with two early printed editions, read "wings". "Wing" put by Fig. Metonymy (of Cause) for protective care. Ap. 6.

10 the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II.

11 thou requirest=thou shalt say. Some codices, with Aram., Syr., and Vulg., add "unto me"

city. Heb. gate, put by Fig. Synecdoche (of Part) for the people assembling there.

6 And she went down unto the floor, and did according to all that her mother in law bade her.

7 And when Boaz had eaten and drunk, and his heart was merry, he went to lie down at the end of the heap of corn: and she came softly, and uncovered his feet, and laid her down.

8 And it came to pass at midnight, that the ³ man was afraid, and turned himself: and, ² behold, a woman lay at his feet.

9 And he said, "Who art thou?" And she answered, "3 am Ruth thine handmaid: spread therefore "thy skirt over thine handmaid; for thou art a near kinsman."

10 And he said, "Blessed be thou of "the Then Naomi her mother in law said unto Carte in the latter end than at the beginning, inasmuch as thou followedst not young men, whether poor or rich.

11 And now, my daughter, fear not; I will do to thee all that 'thou requirest: for all the city of my People doth know that thou art a virtuous woman.

12 And now it is true that 3 am thy near kinsman: howbeit there is a kinsman nearer than I.

13 Tarry this night, and it shall be in the thou shalt mark the place where he shall lie, morning, that if he will perform unto thee the and thou shalt go in, and uncover his feet, and part of a kinsman, well; let him do the kinsman's part: but if he will not do the part of a kinsman to thee, then will 3 do the part of 5 And she said unto her, "All that thou sayest a kinsman to thee, as 10 the LORD liveth: lie down until the morning."

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14 And she lay at his feet until the morning: and she rose up before one could know another. And he said, "Let it not be known that a woman came into the floor.

15 Also he said, "Bring the 'vail that thou hast upon thee, and hold it." And when she held it, he measured six measures of barley, and laid it on her: and "she went into the city.

16 And when she came to her mother in law, she said, "Who art thou, my daughter?" And she told her all that the 3 man had done to her. 17 And she said, "These six measures of barley gave he me; for he said to me, 'Go not empty unto thy mother in law."

18 Then said she, "Sit still, my daughter, until thou know how the matter will fall: for the 3 man will not be in rest, until he have

finished the thing this day."

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Then went Boaz up to the gate, and sat 4 him down there: and, behold, the kinsman of whom Boaz spake came by; unto whom he said, "Ho, such a one! turn aside, sit down here." And he turned aside, and sat down.

2 And he took ten $^{\circ}$ men of the elders of the city, and said, "Sit ye down here." And they

sat down.

3 And he said unto 1 the kinsman, "Naomi, that is come again out of the 'country of Moab, selleth ° a parcel of land, which was our brother Elimelech's:

4 And 3 thought to advertise thee, saying, 'Buy it ' before the inhabitants, and before the elders of my People. If thou wilt "redeem it, redeem it: but if "thou wilt not "redeem it, then tell me, that I may know: for there is none to $^{\circ}$ redeem it beside thee; and \Im am after thee.'''

And he said, "3 will "redeem it."

5 Then said Boaz, "What day thou buyest the field of the hand of Naomi, thou must buy it also of Ruth the Moabitess, the wife of the dead, to raise up the name of the dead upon his

inheritance.'

6 And 1 the kinsman said, "I cannot 4 redeem it for myself, lest I mar mine own inheritance: redeem then my right to thyself; for I cannot 4 redeem it.

7 Now this was the manner in former time in Israel concerning 4redeeming and concerning changing, for to confirm all things; °a man plucked off his shoe, and gave it to his neighbour: and this was a testimony in Israel.

8 Therefore 1 the kinsman said unto Boaz, "Buy it for thee." So he odrew off his shoe.

9 And Boaz said unto the elders, and unto all the People, " De are witnesses this day, that I have bought all that was Elimelech's, and all that was Chilion's and Mahlon's, of the hand of Naomi.

Mahlon, have I purchased to be my wife, to raise up the name of the dead upon his inheritance, that the name of the dead be not cut off from among his brethren, and ° from the gate of his place: pe are witnesses this day."

11 And all the People that were in the gate, and the elders, said, "We are witnesses.

° The LORD make the woman that is come into thine house like Rachel and like Leah, which and they called his name Obed: be is the father |A| m two did build the house of Israel: and do thou of Jesse, the father of David.

14 one = a man. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II.

15 vail=mantle or cloak, worn by all peasants; only the town-women veiling the face. Cp. Isa. 3. 23. she went = he went. The verb is masculine. Some codices, with Syr. and Vulg., read "she".

4. 1-13 (E, p. 363). CLAIM OF KINSMAN. FULFILLED. (Introversion.)

 $E \mid \mathbf{h} \mid 1$ -11-. In detail. i | -11, 12. Prayer. $h \mid 13$. In sum.

1 behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. the kinsman. Heb. Goel - the next of kin, who has the right of redemption. See notes on Ex. 6. 6, and 13. 13,

Ho. Fig. Exclamatio. Ap. 6. 2 men. Heb. 'ĕnōsh. Ap. 14. III.

3 country = fields.

a parcel of land = the parcel of the field.

4 before the inhabitants = in the presence of such as are seated here.

redeem. Heb. gā'al, to redeem by purchase. See Ex. 6. 6, and ep. 13. 13.

thou. Heb. text has "he". But a special various reading called Sevīr (Ap. 34), and some codices, with Aram., Sept., Syr., and Vulg., read "thou", which the A.V. seems to have followed.

7 a man. Heb. 'īsh. Ap. 14. II. A custom that grew up outside the Law.

8 drew=plucked.

10 from the gate from the people of his city, "gate" being put by Fig. Synecdoche (of Part) for the people wont to assemble there. Ap. 6.

11 The Lord. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II.

be famous = proclaim a name.

12 Pharez. Cp. Gen. 38, 29, 1 Chron. 2, 4, Matt. 1, 3, 13 bare a son. In the second jubilee year (1325-1324).

14-17- (**B**, p. 359). SYMPATHY WITH NAOMI. IN JOY. (Introversion.)

 $B \mid k \mid$ 14, 15. Blessing by women. 1 | 16. Naomi's joy. $k \mid$ 17-. Naming by women.

15 life = soul. Heb. nephesh. Ap. 13.

-17-22 [For Structure see next page].

worthily in Ephratah, and ° be famous in Bethlehem:

12 And let thy house be like the house of ° Pharez, whom Tamar bare unto Judah, of the seed which 11 the LORD shall give thee of this young woman.'

13 So Boaz took Ruth, and she was his wife: and when he went in unto her, 11 the LORD gave her conception, and she ° bare a son.

14 And the women said unto Naomi, "Blessed be 11 the LORD, Which hath not left thee this day without a 1kinsman, that his name may be famous in Israel.

15 And he shall be unto thee a restorer of thy 10 Moreover Ruth the Moabitess, the wife of olife, and a nourisher of thine old age: for thy daughter in law, which loveth thee, which is better to thee than seven sons, hath born him.'

> 16 And Naomi took the child, and laid it in | her bosom, and became nurse unto it.

17 And the women her neighbours gave it a name, saying, "There is a son born to Naomi;

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n 1325 18 Now ° these are the generations of ° Pharez: Pharez begat Hezron,

19 And ° Hezron begat Ram, and ° Ram begat Amminadab,

20 And Amminadab begat 'Nahshon, and Nahshon begat 'Salmon,

21 And Salmon begat $^{\circ}$ Boaz, and Boaz begat Obed,

22 And Obed begat Jesse, and Jesse begat David.

-17-22 (A, p. 359). ELIMELECH'S FAMILY. THE UPLIFTING. (Introversion.)

A | m | -17. Obed, Jesse, and David.
n | 18-21. The generations of Pharez.
m | 22. Obed, Jesse, and David.

18 these are the generations. The thirteenth occurrence, out of fourteen given in the Bible. The last in O.T. See note on p. 1.

Pharez. The son of Judah. See Ap. 29. Gen. 38. 39. 1 Chron. 2. 4. Matt. 1. 3. Luke 3. 33. See note below. 19 Hezron. Cp. Gen. 46. 12.

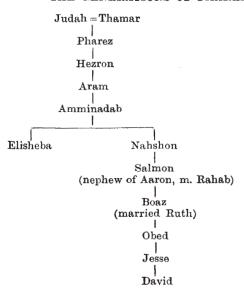
Ram. Cp. 1 Chron. 2. 9.

20 Nahshon. Prince of Israel in the wilderness (1 Chron. 2. 10). Cp. Num. 1. 7; 7. 12; 10. 14.

Salmon. Married Rahab (Matt. 1. 5). Nephew of Aaron.

21 Boaz. Married Ruth. Cp. v. 13.

THE GENERATIONS OF PHAREZ.*



* NOTE ON "THE GENERATIONS OF PHAREZ".

If Salmon married Rahab in the year of the entry into the land (1451 B.C.); and the birth of David was in 990 B.C.; then, according to the above Table of Generations, the period of 461 years is covered by only four lives; viz. Salmon, Boaz, Obed, and Jesse.

The inference therefore seems clear that, as in a Royal line it is not necessary to include every link (as it is in the case of an ordinary man), certain names are omitted in this pedigree, in order that "the generations of Pharez" may be reckoned as ten generations, to accord with the principle which we observe from Adam to Zedekiah (viz. Adam to Noah, ten; Shem to Abraham, ten; Solomon to Zedekiah, twice ten). So here Pharez to David is given in ten generations.

We see the same principle at work in other Tables of our Lord's ancestry, names are omitted in order to make uniform reckonings.

For example, in Matt. 1. 1-17 we have three counts of "fourteen generations"; see notes there. In v. 1 we have the whole given in two links (David and Abraham). Ruth herself is omitted in v. 17, above.